

**Big rationals**

☒ → bigQ

☒ Introduction

Big integers is a package developed by Overlord, which can do algebra operations with arbitrary precision over integers. A big integer number is a string with only numbers and only one or none minus sign and dot.

```
m := "6790837465238495847362950498374583249584723894"
```

```
n := "92948372764503927827304838327"
```

which may or may not have representation in SMath

```
a := str2num(m) = 6.790837465238500 · 1045
```

```
b := str2num(n) = 9.294837276450390 · 1028
```

Big integer algebra:

```
bigMod(m, n) = "49435269666259970706032146345"
```

```
bigDiv(m, n) = "73060315778135387"
```

```
bigSub(m, n) = "6790837465238495754414577733870655422279885567"
```

bigQ are a sorted couple of big numbers

```
r := [ "3" ]      s := [ "12" ]      a := 3/4      b := 12/5
     [ "4" ]      [ "5" ]
```

with which you can do algebra and usual calculus, but now with an arbitrary precision, setting the constant 'Digits

Digits := 16

```
R := bigQSub(r, s) = [ "-33" ]
                    [ "20" ]
```

```
bigQ2D(R) = "-1.6500000000000000"
```

```
a - b = -1.6500000000000000
```

```
R := bigQMul(r, s) = [ "9" ]
                    [ "5" ]
```

```
bigQ2D(R) = "1.8000000000000000"
```

```
a · b = 1.8000000000000000
```

```
R := bigQDiv(r, s) = [ "5" ]
                    [ "16" ]
```

```
bigQ2D(R) = "0.3125000000000000"
```

```
a/b = 0.3125000000000000
```

```
R := bigQPow(r, s) = [ "2524273565305499904862939026736448366008841391823987213871409768013865298" ]
                    [ "5034883049081473209868823404277191047917804569544721707448051817835839002" ]
```

```
bigQ2D(R) = "0.501356941302938"
```

```
ab = 0.501356941302939
```

```
bigQ2D(bigQSin(r)) = "0.681638760023334"
```

```
sin(a) = 0.681638760023334
```

```
bigQ2D(bigQLog(r)) = "-0.287682072451780"
```

```
ln(a) = -0.287682072451781
```

```
bigQ2D(bigQExp(r)) = "2.117000016612674"
```

```
exp(a) = 2.117000016612670
```

☒ bigQ Math

Doing big integer algebra

Digits:=40

Smath expression

$$N := \frac{\sqrt{3} - 1}{2 \cdot \sqrt{2}}$$

Automatic conversion to bigQ algebra

$$R := \text{bigQ2E}(N) = \text{bigQDiv} \left( \text{bigQAdd} \left( \left[ \begin{matrix} "-1" \\ "1" \end{matrix} \right], \text{bigQPow} \left( \left[ \begin{matrix} "3" \\ "1" \end{matrix} \right], \text{bigQDiv} \left( \left[ \begin{matrix} "1" \\ "1" \end{matrix} \right], \left[ \begin{matrix} "2" \\ "2" \end{matrix} \right] \right) \right) \right)$$

Apply eval

$$R := \text{eval}(R)$$

Big integer

$$R = \left[ \begin{matrix} "157056521839177752903510227009491133369240092117876996755798360116" \\ "606819802526379479300287016906944139497147450559048314194109621079" \end{matrix} \right]$$

Decimal expression

$$N = 0.258819045102521 \quad D := \text{bigQ2D}(R) = "0.258819045102520762348898837624048328349"$$

Remember that the actual big rational is R with the couple of integers, and D is only for know what it represent. Some other examples

$$\circ \quad N := \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{12}\right) \quad R := \text{bigQ2E}(N) \quad R := \text{eval}(R) = \left[ \begin{matrix} "5439845892997854995828180582894594" \\ "21017950556316590542180314779114098" \end{matrix} \right]$$

$$N = 0.258819045102521 \quad D := \text{bigQ2D}(R) = "0.258819045102520762348898837624048328349"$$

$$\circ \quad N := \frac{1 + \sqrt{5}}{2} \quad R := \text{bigQ2E}(N) \quad R := \text{eval}(R) = \left[ \begin{matrix} "65239394393747969174780179066901573" \\ "40320163140795585411849269761650022" \end{matrix} \right]$$

$$N = 1.61803398874989 \quad D := \text{bigQ2D}(R) = "1.618033988749894848204586834365638117720"$$

$$\circ \quad N := 2 \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right) \quad R := \text{bigQ2E}(N) \quad R := \text{eval}(R) = \left[ \begin{matrix} "52302187179531855749597625032124842" \\ "32324529362909685497727478177894666" \end{matrix} \right]$$

$$N = 1.61803398874989 \quad D := \text{bigQ2D}(R) = "1.618033988749894848204586834365638117720"$$

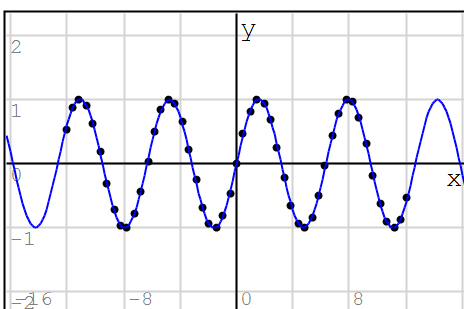
$$\circ \quad N := \ln(1 + e^2) \quad R := \text{bigQ2E}(N) \quad R := \text{eval}(R) = \left[ \begin{matrix} "21635308626875924662496998201149825" \\ "10172092574147214261559319499213862" \end{matrix} \right]$$

$$N = 2.12692801104297 \quad D := \text{bigQ2D}(R) = "2.126928011042972496443726806358304431434"$$

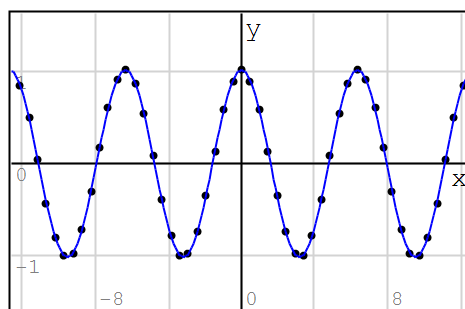
Functions Plots

$$\text{Digits} := 15 \quad \text{Plot}(fs, gs, a, b) := \left\{ \begin{matrix} gs \\ \text{augment} \left( X := a + \frac{b-a}{50} \cdot [0..50], \overrightarrow{\text{bigQ2N}(\text{feval}(fs, X))}, "." \right) \end{matrix} \right.$$

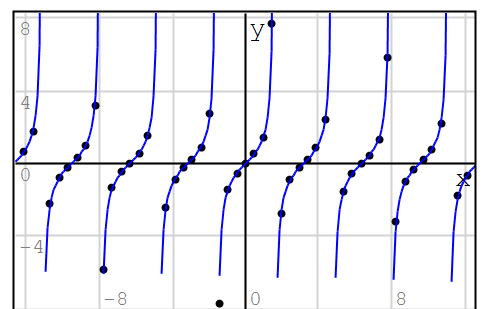
Notice that trigonometric functions Sin, Cos and Tan are well defined in the interval  $-2\pi..2\pi$ . You can extend outside of that interval using bigQMod.



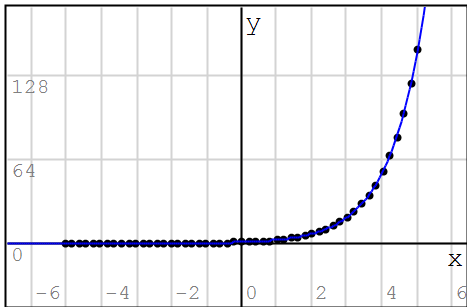
Plot("bigQSin", sin(x), -12, 12)



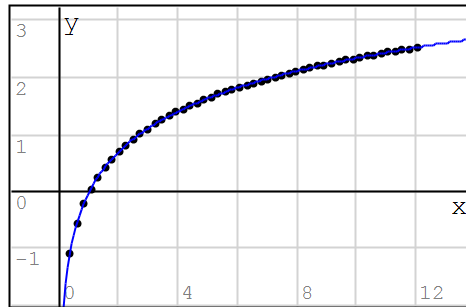
Plot("bigQCos", cos(x), -12, 12)



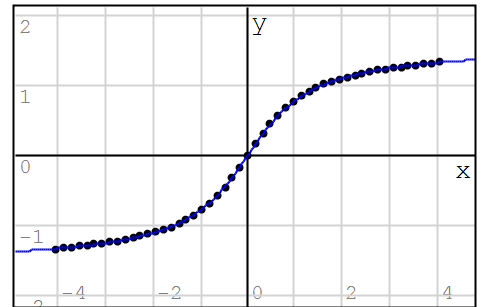
Plot("bigQTan", tan(x), -12, 12)



Plot ("bigQExp", exp(x), -5, 5)



Plot ("bigQLog", ln(x), 0.1, 12)



Plot ("bigQATan", atan(x), -4, 4)

Gallery

Digits := 400

R<sub>1</sub> := bigQExp(1)

```
2.71828182845904523536028747135266249775
7247093699959574966967627724076630353547
5945713821785251664274274663919320030599
2181741359662904357290033429526059563073
8132328627943490763233829880753195251019
0115738341879307021540891499348841675092
4476146066808226480016847741185374234544
2437107539077744992069551702761838606261
3313845830007520449338265602976067371132
0070932870912744374704723069697720931014
```

bigQShow(10, bigQ2D(R<sub>1</sub>))

N<sub>2</sub> := 16 · atan(1/5) - 4 · atan(1/239)

R<sub>2</sub> := bigQ2E(N<sub>2</sub>)

```
3.14159265358979323846264338327950288419
7169399375105820974944592307816406286208
9986280348253421170679821480865132823066
4709384460955058223172535940812848111745
0284102701938521105559644622948954930381
9644288109756659334461284756482337867831
6527120190914564856692346034861045432664
8213393607260249141273724587006606315588
1748815209209628292540917153643678925903
6001133053054882046652138414695194151160
```

bigQShow(10, bigQ2D(R<sub>2</sub>))

Continued fractions

a<sub>2</sub>(n, x) := ["1" "1"]  
 b<sub>2</sub>(n, x) := { ["1" "1"] if n = 0  
 ["2" "1"] otherwise  
 R<sub>1</sub> := bigQCF("a2", "b2", 0)

a<sub>π</sub>(n, x) := { bigQ(4) if n = 1  
 bigQ((n-1)<sup>2</sup>) otherwise  
 b<sub>π</sub>(n, x) := { bigQ(0) if n = 0  
 bigQ(2 · n - 1) otherwise  
 R<sub>2</sub> := bigQCF(a<sub>π</sub>, b<sub>π</sub>, x)

```
1.41421356237309504880168872420969807856
9671875376948073176679737990732478462107
0388503875343276415727350138462309122970
2492483605585073721264412149709993583141
3222665927505592755799950501152782060571
4701095599716059702745345968620147285174
1864088919860955232923048430871432145083
9762603627995251407989687253396546331808
8296406206152583523950547457502877599617
2983557522033753185701135437460340849884
```

bigQShow(10, bigQ2D(R<sub>1</sub>))

```
3.14159265358979323846264338327950288419
7169399375105820974944592307816406286208
9986280348253421170679821480865132823066
4709384460955058223172535940812848111745
0284102701938521105559644622948954930381
9644288109756659334461284756482337867831
6527120190914564856692346034861045432664
8213393607260249141273724587006606315588
1748815209209628292540917153643678925903
6001133053054882046652138414695194151160
```

bigQShow(10, bigQ2D(R<sub>2</sub>))

