

- ⊞—Numerical Inverse Laplace Transform
- ⊞—eurep
- ⊞—laplace
- Laplace examples

α and β values

$$[\alpha L \ \beta L \ \mu L] := ILap_{\alpha\beta}(6, 20, 19)$$

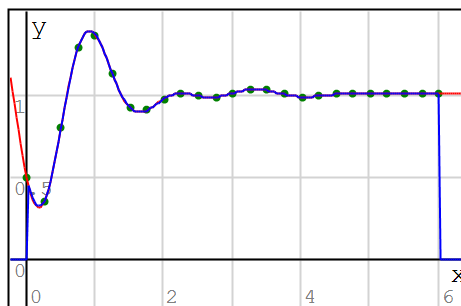
$$N := 25$$

$$f_s(t) := 1 - \frac{\exp(-t)}{2} \cdot (\cos(3 \cdot t) + \sin(5 \cdot t))$$

$$plot := \begin{cases} f(x) \\ f_s(x) \\ \text{augment}(ft, ".", 12, \text{"green"}) \end{cases}$$

$$F(s) := lt(f_s(t)) = \frac{2 \cdot (25 + (1+s)^2) \cdot (9 + (1+s)^2) - (5 \cdot (9 + (1+s)^2) + (1+s) \cdot (25 + (1+s)^2)) \cdot s}{2 \cdot (9 + (1+s)^2) \cdot (25 + (1+s)^2) \cdot s}$$

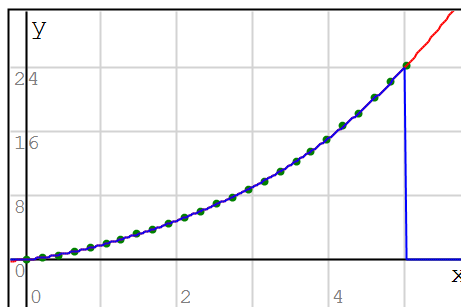
$$\begin{cases} ft := ILap(F(s), 0, 6, N) \\ f(t) := cinterp(ft, t) \end{cases}$$



$$f_s(t) := t^2 + \sin(t)$$

$$F(s) := lt(f_s(t)) = \frac{s^3 + 2 \cdot (1 + s^2)}{s^3 \cdot (1 + s^2)}$$

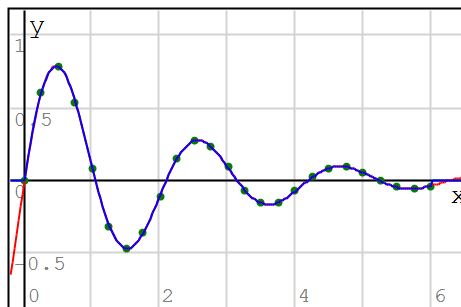
$$\begin{cases} ft := ILap(F(s), 0, 5, N) \\ f(t) := cinterp(ft, t) \end{cases}$$



$$f_s(t) := \exp(-0.5 \cdot t) \cdot \sin(3 \cdot t)$$

$$F(s) := lt(f_s(t)) = \frac{12}{36 + (1 + 2 \cdot s)^2}$$

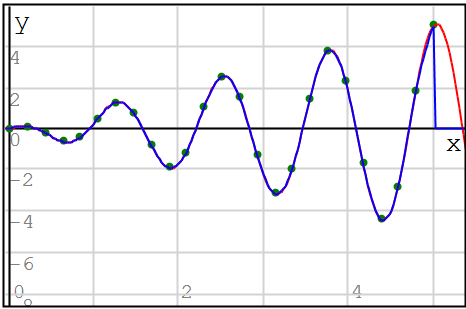
$$\begin{cases} ft := ILap(F(s), 0, 6, N) \\ f(t) := cinterp(ft, t) \end{cases}$$



$$f_s(t) := t \cdot \cos(5 \cdot t)$$

$$F(s) := \mathcal{L}\{f_s(t)\} = -\frac{25 - s^2}{(25 + s^2)^2}$$

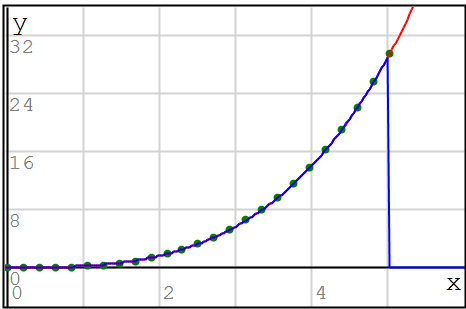
$$\begin{cases} ft := \mathcal{ILap}(F(s), 0, 5, N) \\ f(t) := \mathcal{cinterp}(ft, t) \end{cases}$$



$$f_s(t) := t^2 \cdot \sinh\left(\frac{t}{5}\right)$$

$$F(s) := \mathcal{L}\{f_s(t)\} = -\frac{250 \cdot \left((5 \cdot s \cdot \sinh(0) + \cosh(0)) \cdot (-1 + 2s) \right)}{(s^2 + 0.04)^2}$$

$$\begin{cases} ft := \mathcal{ILap}(F(s), 0, 5, N) \\ f(t) := \mathcal{cinterp}(ft, t) \end{cases}$$



Alvaro